REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE HOPKINS COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administrative Cabinet
Honorable Donald E. Carroll, Hopkins County Judge/Executive
Members of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Tichenor & Associates, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hopkins County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

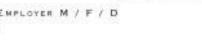
We engaged Tichenor & Associates, LLP to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Tichenor & Associates, LLP evaluated Hopkins County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Pubic Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE HOPKINS COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2010

Tichenor & Associates, LLP has completed the audit of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Hopkins County, Kentucky. We have also issued a qualified opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, on the discretely presented component unit.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$17,982,267 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$7,884,430 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2010, with total net assets of \$17,892,764. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$51,824 with total net assets of \$89,503. The fiscal court's discretely presented component unit had unrestricted net assets of \$443,578 as of June 30, 2010, with total net assets of \$445,889. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$10,731,731 with \$3,621,731 due within the next year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court and component unit's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds as of June 30, 2010.

CONTENTS	PAGE
----------	------

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
HOPKINS COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	10
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	14
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	18
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,	
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	23
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	27
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	31
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS	35
Notes To Financial Statements	37
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES	55
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	60
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	63
APPENDIX A:	

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

TICHENOR & ASSOCIATES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS and MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

304 MIDDLETOWN PARK PLACE, SUITE C LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY 40243

BUSINESS: (502) 245-0775 FAX: (502) 245-0725 E-MAIL: wtichenor@tichenorassociates.com

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet

Honorable Donald E. Carroll, Hopkins County Judge/Executive Members of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Hopkins County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission, a discretely presented component unit, which represent 100% of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Hopkins County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission, a discretely presented component unit, are prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statements are as follows:

• 9% increase in total assets, 100% increase in liabilities, 28% increase in revenues, and 11% increase in expenses.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Donald E. Carroll, Hopkins County Judge/Executive
Members of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined had the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission been prepared using the same basis of accounting as Hopkins County, Kentucky, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the discretely presented component unit of Hopkins County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hopkins County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flow, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

The County has chosen not to present the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2010 on our consideration of Hopkins County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Tichenor & Associates, LLP

Tichenor & Associates, LLP Certified Public Accountants

HOPKINS COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Fiscal Court Members:

Donald E. Carroll County Judge/Executive

Karol Welch Magistrate
William Groves Magistrate
Tim Riggs Magistrate
Larry Wilson Magistrate
Wilma Rogers Magistrate
Mike Duncan Magistrate
Wesley Lynn Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Todd P'Pool County Attorney

Joe Blue Jailer

Devra Steckler County Clerk

Carolyn Polley Circuit Court Clerk

Frank Latham Sheriff

Margaret Brown Property Valuation Administrator

Dennis Mayfield Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Cindy Jones County Treasurer

Bette Arison Jail Administrative Assistant

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Governmental Business-Type Activities Totals Communication Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents \$8,377,368 \$51,824 \$8,429,192 \$45 Receivables (net of allowances) \$8,377,368 \$51,824 \$8,429,192 \$45 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	Component Unit		
Current Assets: \$ 8,377,368 \$ 51,824 \$ 8,429,192 \$ 4 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 8,377,368 \$ 51,824 \$ 8,429,192 \$ 4 Receivables (net of allowances) \$ 8,377,368 \$ 51,824 \$ 8,429,192 \$ 4 Total Current Assets \$ 8,377,368 \$ 51,824 \$ 8,429,192 \$ 4 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	Hopkins County Tourist And Convention Commission		
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 8,377,368 \$ 51,824 \$ 8,429,192 \$ 4.29,192 Receivables (net of allowances) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
Receivables (net of allowances) Total Current Assets 8,377,368 51,824 8,429,192 42 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	10.013		
Total Current Assets 8,377,368 51,824 8,429,192 45 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	18,912		
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	39,512		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated	58,424		
Depreciation			
Construction In Progress 2,003,234 2,003,234			
Land 1,596,564 1,596,564			
Buildings 9,082,635 9,082,635			
Vehicles 864,801 14,098 878,899			
Equipment 1,604,029 23,581 1,627,610	2,311		
Infrastructure 5,095,864 5,095,864			
Total Noncurrent Assets 20,247,127 37,679 20,284,806	2,311		
Total Assets 28,624,495 89,503 28,713,998 46	50,735		
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Payroll Liabilities	687		
·	14,159		
Bonds Payable 665,000 665,000	1,100		
Bond Anticipation Notes 2,956,731 2,956,731			
	14,846		
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds Payable 7,110,000 7,110,000			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 7,110,000 7,110,000			
Total Liabilities 10,731,731 10,731,731	14,846		
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt 9,515,396 37,679 9,553,075	2,311		
Restricted For:	_,011		
Other Purposes 100,938 4,215 105,153			
Debt Service 392,000 392,000			
	13,578		
	15,889		



HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues Received					<u>d</u>
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	6,854,262	\$	64,955	\$	932,692	\$	392,000
Protection to Persons and Property		4,489,427		2,843,300		696,529		
General Health and Sanitation		1,303,422		136,518		10,084		
Social Services		721,377						
Recreation and Culture		597,895				831,078		
Roads		2,103,686		99		4,760,758		
Interest on Long-Term and Short-Term Debt		376,000						
Capital Projects		1,030,690						
Total Governmental Activities		17,476,759		3,044,872		7,231,141		392,000
Business-type Activities:								
Jail Canteen		417,020		390,750				
Total Business-type Activities		417,020		390,750				
Total Primary Government	\$	17,893,779	\$	3,435,622	\$	7,231,141	\$	392,000
Component Units:								
Hopkins County Tourist and	Ф	122 (00	Φ		Ф	22.720	Ф	
Convention Commission	\$	133,600			\$	33,738	\$	
Total Component Units	\$	133,600	\$	0	\$	33,738	\$	0

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Insurance Premium Tax
Excess Fees
Transient Room Tax
Other Taxes
Interest

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

	and Changes	in Net Assets	
P ₁	rimary Governme	nt	Component Unit
Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Totals	Hopkins County Tourist And Convention Commission
\$ (5,464,615) (949,598) (1,156,820) (721,377) 233,183 2,657,171 (376,000) (1,030,690) (6,808,746)	\$	\$ (5,464,615) (949,598) (1,156,820) (721,377) 233,183 2,657,171 (376,000) (1,030,690) (6,808,746)	\$
	(26,270)	(26,270)	
	(26,270)	(26,270)	
(6,808,746)	(26,270)	(6,835,016)	
			(99,862)
			\$ (99,862)
2,422,136 389,363 253,522 2,501,907		2,422,136 389,363 253,522 2,501,907	
1,966,186		1,966,186	139,775
1,014,265 154,989 386,949		1,014,265 154,989 386,949	2,668
9,089,317		9,089,317	142,443
2,280,571	(26,270)	2,254,301	42,581
15,612,193	115,773	15,727,966	403,308
\$ 17,892,764	\$ 89,503	\$ 17,982,267	\$ 445,889



HOPKINS COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

HOPKINS COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Ended June 30, 2010

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	E	Local vernment conomic ssistance Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,295,686	\$ 495,914	\$ 654,105	\$	686,527
Total Assets	3,295,686	 495,914	 654,105		686,527
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances	19,491	18,602	20,152		42,693
Unreserved:					
General Fund	3,276,195				
Special Revenue Funds		477,312	633,953		643,834
Debt Service Fund		 			
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,295,686	\$ 495,914	\$ 654,105	\$	686,527

HOPKINS COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Hopkins Co. Total Government Corporation Funds \$ 2,853,136 \$ 392,000 \$ 8,377,3	Non-Major Fund						
Fund Corporation Funds							
\$ 2,853,136 \$ 392,000 \$ 8,377,3							
	7,368						
2,853,136 392,000 8,377,3	7,368						
100,9	0,938						
3,276,1	6,195						
2,853,136 4,608,2	8,235						
392,000 392,0	2,000						
\$ 2,853,136 \$ 392,000 \$ 8,377,3	7.368						

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 8,377,368
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	29,960,720
Accumulated Depreciation	(9,713,593)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not	
reported in the funds.	
Bond Anticipation Notes	(2,956,731)
Bonds	(7,775,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 17,892,764



HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

		eral nd		Road Fund		Jail Fund	F	Local overnment conomic ssistance Fund
DENZENILIEC								
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 6.5	509,624	\$		\$		\$	
Licenses and Permits	Ф 0,.	64,955	Ф		φ		Ф	1,676
Intergovernmental	2.0	970,447	,	2,809,182		3,313,030		2,792,738
Charges for Services	۷,۶	770,447	4	2,009,102		226,799		134,842
Miscellaneous		77,474		11,899		179,308		118,367
Interest		31,816		5,079		2,251		6,278
Total Revenues	9,6	54,316		2,826,160		3,721,388		3,053,901
Total Revenues	2,0	154,510		2,020,100		3,721,366		3,033,901
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government	3,7	42,330						85,000
Protection to Persons and Property	2	297,310				3,628,745		239,160
General Health and Sanitation		8,950						1,257,247
Social Services								719,977
Recreation and Culture		17,411						580,484
Roads			2	2,486,291				506,358
Debt Service:								
Principal				412,000		645,000		
Interest				13,553		312,731		
Capital Projects		1,298		1,335,514				
Administration		51,295		390,830		974,925		243,240
Total Expenditures	5,5	18,594		4,638,188		5,561,401		3,631,466
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	4,1	35,722	(.	1,812,028)		(1,840,013)		(577,565)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Issuance								
Transfers From Other Funds				1,600,000		1,900,000		500,000
Transfers To Other Funds	(4,0	000,000)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,0	000,000)		1,600,000		1,900,000		500,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	1	35,722		(212,028)		59,987		(77,565)
Fund Balances - Beginning		59,964		707,942		594,118		764,092
Fund Balances - Ending		295,686	\$	495,914	\$	654,105	\$	686,527

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

		Non-Major	
	T P 1 1 G 4	Fund	7D 4 1
C4'	Judicial Center	Hopkins Co.	Total
Contingency	Construction	Public Properties	
Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Corporation	Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$ 6,509,624
			66,631
			11,885,397
			361,641
		392,000	779,048
109,565			154,989
109,565		392,000	19,757,330
			3,827,330
			4,165,215
			1,266,197
			719,977
			597,895
			2,992,649
			1,057,000
	49,716		376,000
	1,701,319		3,038,131
			3,060,290
	1,751,035		21,100,684
109,565	(1,751,035)	392,000	(1,343,354)
	1 600 416		1,600,416
	1,699,416		1,699,416
			4,000,000
	1 600 416	- -	(4,000,000)
	1,699,416		1,699,416
109,565	(51,619)	392,000	356,062
2,743,571	51,619	•	8,021,306
\$ 2,853,136	\$ 0	\$ 392,000	\$ 8,377,368



HOPKINS COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

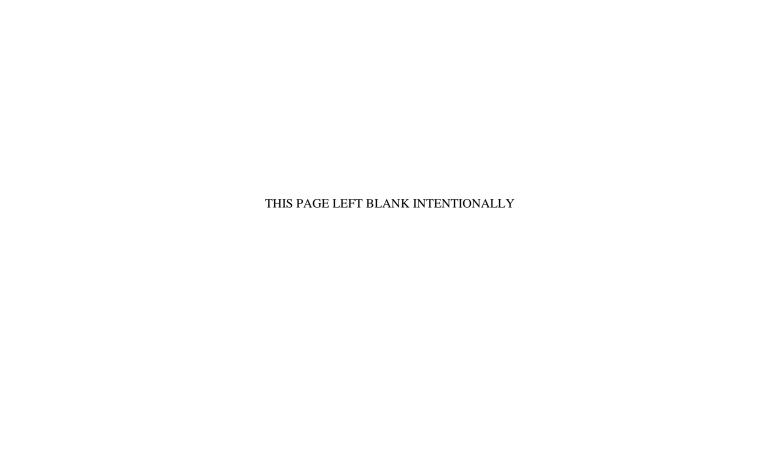
For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

HOPKINS COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

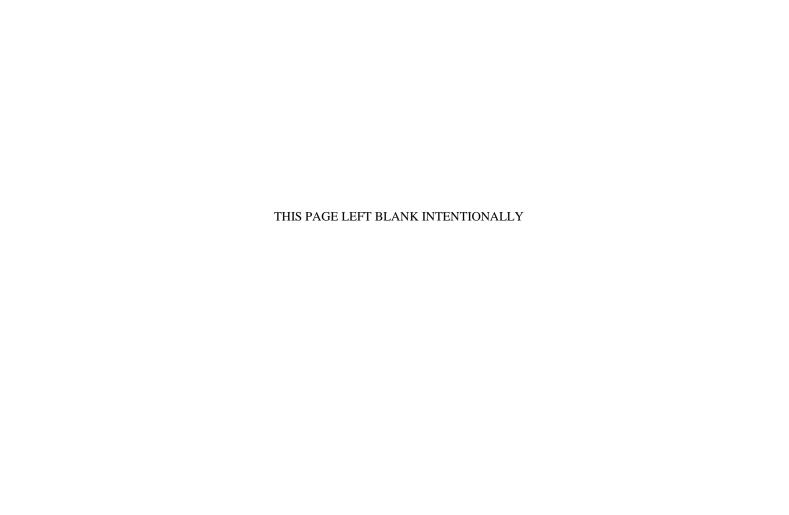
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 356,062
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	4,046,109
Depreciation Expense	(1,458,785)
Assets disposed of, net book value	(20,399)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Debt Issuance Proceeds	(1,699,416)
Financing Obligations Payments	412,000
Bond Principal Payments	 645,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,280,571



HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

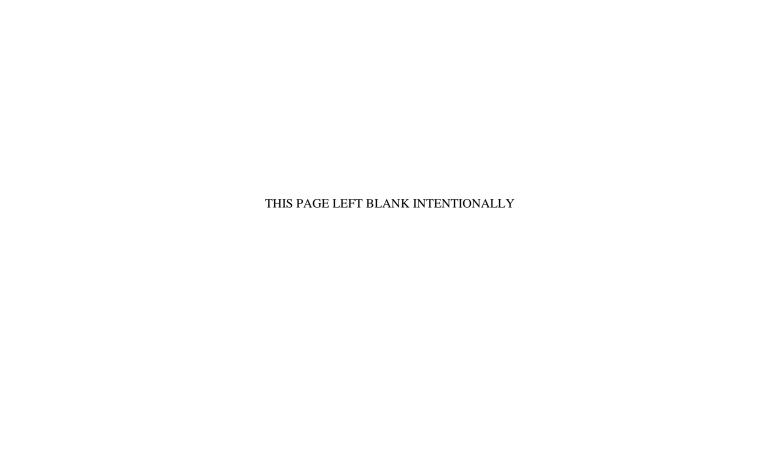
	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	51,824	
Total Current Assets		51,824	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles		90,318	
Equipment		53,220	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(105,859)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		37,679	
Total Assets		89,503	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		37,679	
Restricted		4,215	
Unrestricted		47,609	
Total Net Assets	\$	89,503	



HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		iness-Type		
		tivities -		
	En	terprise		
		Fund		
		Jail		
	(Canteen		
		Fund		
Operating Revenues				
Canteen Receipts	\$	370,782		
Total Operating Revenues		370,782		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Sales		224,802		
Educational and Recreational		13,440		
Personnel Costs		63,536		
Depreciation		36,551		
Miscellaneous		21,110		
Total Operating Expenses		359,439		
Operating Income (Loss)		11,343		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income				
Inmate Pay From State		19,968		
Inmate Refunds		(57,581)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues				
(Expenses)		(37,613)		
Change In Net Assets		(26,270)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning		115,773		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	89,503		



HOPKINS COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf HOPKINS\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS}$

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	A	iness-Type ctivities - iterprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	370,782
Cost of Sales		(224,802)
Educational and Recreational		(13,440)
Personal Costs		(63,536)
Miscellaneous		(21,110)
Net Cash Provided By		
Operating Activities		47,894
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay From State		19,968
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(57,581)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital		(37,301)
Financing Activities		(37,613)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital Assets Purchased		(5,995)
Net Cash (Used) Provided By		
Capital and Related Financing		
Activities		(5,995)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		4,286
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2009		47,538
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2010	\$	51,824
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	11,343
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		
Income To Net Cash Provided (Used)		
By Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		36,551
Net Cash Provided By Operating		
Activities	\$	47,894

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	37
Note 2.	DEPOSITS	44
Nоте 3.	ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE	31
Nоте 4.	CAPITAL ASSETS	32
Note 5.	SHORT-TERM DEBT	47
Nоте 6.	LONG-TERM DEBT	35
Note 7.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	49
Note 8.	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	50
Nоте 9.	DEFERRED COMPENSATION	51
NOTE 10.	INSURANCE	51
Note 11.	SUBSEQUENT EVENT	38
NOTE 12	PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS	38

HOPKINS COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

The Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission is a discretely presented component unit of Hopkins County, Kentucky and its financial statements are presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are recorded when earned or incurred without regard to the timing of cash.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Hopkins County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation

Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation (Corporation) is a legally separate entity established for the purpose of construction of the Judicial Center Project and the related long-term debt service. The Corporation's governing body consists entirely of fiscal court members. Therefore, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation. Financial information for the Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation is blended within Hopkins County's financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial data of the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column that is labeled as "Component Unit" to emphasize this organization's separateness from the Fiscal Court's primary government.

Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission

Hopkins County Fiscal Court established the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission pursuant to KRS 91A.350(2) for the purpose of promoting tourism and convention activity in Hopkins County. The Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission board is composed of seven members appointed by the Hopkins County Fiscal Court from the local hotel and motel industries, the local restaurant industries, the local chamber of commerce and one at large member. The Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission's governing body is substantially different from the Fiscal Court. However, the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission is fiscally dependent on the Fiscal Court because the Fiscal Court controls its major source of revenue. The Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission's major source of revenue is transient room tax. The Hopkins County Fiscal Court enacted a transient room tax ordinance on January 16, 2003.

The Fiscal Court currently imposes a 4% tax for the rent for every occupancy of a suite, room or rooms, charged by all persons, companies, corporations or other like or similar persons, groups, or organizations doing business as motor courts, motels, hotels, inns, or other like or similar accommodation businesses. Due to this fiscal dependency the Fiscal Court has included the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission as a component unit. The Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission is not included in any other organization's reporting entity and does not provide services exclusively to the Fiscal Court; therefore, the financial activity of the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission is presented discretely.

Audited financial statements for the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission, a discretely presented component unit, may be requested by contacting the Hopkins County Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Hopkins County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Hopkins County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Hopkins County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for general health and sanitation, social services and economic assistance expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue are state grants, coal and mineral severances taxes, landfill user fees, and recreational area user fees. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Contingency Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to annually set aside some investments for future contingencies.

Judicial Center Construction Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the construction costs for the Judicial Center. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, and Contingency Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Capital Projects Fund:

The Judicial Center Construction Fund is presented as a Capital Projects Fund and is used to account for construction costs of the Hopkins County Judicial Center.

Debt Service Fund:

The Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation, a blended component unit of the county, is used to issue debt and for payment of long-term debt in building the Judicial Center.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Enterprise Fund

The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Presentation Of Component Unit

Detailed presentations of the financial statements for the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission, a major discretely presented component unit of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court, are available from the separately issued financial statements of the Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life
	Threshold		(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings		25,000	10-75
Equipment		2,500	3-25
Vehicles		2,500	3-25
Infrastructure		20,000	10-50

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. The primary government's accountability for related organizations does not extend beyond making appointments. Based on these criteria, there are no related organizations of Hopkins County Fiscal Court.

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Based upon these criteria, there are no joint ventures of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court.

A jointly governed organization is a regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that created the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Based on these criteria, the following is considered a jointly governed organization of Hopkins County Fiscal Court: Hopkins County Joint Planning Commission.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government and its discretely presented component unit maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the primary government or its discretely presented component unit and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the primary government's deposits or its discretely presented component unit's deposits may not be returned. The primary government and its discretely presented component unit do not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2010, the primary government's deposits and discretely presented component unit's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Assets Held For Resale

Assets held for resale activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Assets Held for Resale	\$ 412,000	\$	\$ 412,000	\$
Governmental Activities Assets Held for Resale	\$ 412,000	\$ 0	\$ 412,000	\$ 0

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity								
	Restated			_					
	Beginning		Ending						
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance					
Governmental Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$ 1,430,047	\$ 166,517	\$	\$ 1,596,564					
Construction In Progress	162,310	1,840,924		2,003,234					
Total Capital Assets Not Being									
Depreciated	1,592,357	2,007,441		3,599,798					
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements	13,242,161			13,242,161					
Vehicles	1,417,812	570,358	(75,205)	1,912,965					
Equipment	3,511,206	469,003	(38,589)	3,941,620					
Infrastructure	5,852,869	1,411,307		7,264,176					
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated	24,024,048	2,450,668	(113,794)	26,360,922					
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings and Improvements	(3,819,045)	(340,481)		(4,159,526)					
Vehicles	(898,357)	(212,613)	62,806	(1,048,164)					
Equipment	(2,031,190)	(336,990)	30,589	(2,337,591)					
Infrastructure	(1,599,611)	(568,701)		(2,168,312)					
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,348,203)	(1,458,785)	93,395	(9,713,593)					
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net	15,675,845	991,883	(20,399)	16,647,329					
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net	\$ 17,268,202	\$ 2,999,324	\$ (20,399)	\$ 20,247,127					

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Reporting Entity							
	В	eginning					Ending	
	I	Balance	Increases		Decreases	Balance		
Business-Type Activities:							_	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Vehicles	\$	84,323	\$	5,995		\$	90,318	
Equipment		53,220					53,220	
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		137,543		5,995			143,538	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Vehicles		(50,014)		(26,206)			(76,220)	
Equipment		(19,294)		(10,345)			(29,639)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(69,308)		(36,551)			(105,859)	
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net		68,235		(30,556)			37,679	
Business-Type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$	68,235	\$	(30,556)	\$ 0	\$	37,679	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$	245,991
Protection to Persons and Property		402,042
General Health and Sanitation		37,225
Social Services		1,400
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		772,127
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1	1,458,785
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	\$	36,551
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	36,551

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity of the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

			Reportin	g Entity			
Beginning					Ending		inding
E	Balance		creases	Decreases		Balance	
\$	6,648	\$		\$		\$	6,648
	6,648						6,648
	(3,007)		(1,330)				(4,337)
	(3,007)		(1,330)				(4,337)
							· · · · · ·
	3,641		(1,330)				2,311
\$	3,641	\$	(1,330)	\$	0	\$	2,311
	<u>F</u>	\$ 6,648 6,648 (3,007) (3,007) 3,641	\$ 6,648 \$ 6,648 (3,007) (3,007) 3,641	Balance Increases \$ 6,648 \$ 6,648 (1,330) (3,007) (1,330) (3,007) (1,330) 3,641 (1,330)	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 6,648 \$ (3,007) (1,330) (3,007) (1,330) 3,641 (1,330)	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 6,648 \$ (3,007) (1,330) (3,007) (1,330) 3,641 (1,330)	Balance Increases Decreases B \$ 6,648 \$ \$ (3,007) (1,330) (3,007) (1,330) 3,641 (1,330)

Depreciation expense was charged to the discretely presented component unit as follows:

Hopkins County Tourist and Convention Commission	\$ 1,330
Total Depreciation Expense - Business Activities	\$ 1,330

Note 5. Short-term Debt

A. Mack Trucks

In April 2008, the county entered into a financial agreement with the Kentucky Association Of Counties for \$412,000 at a rate of 3.948% to finance the purchase of four Mack Trucks. The agreement was extended for one year to June 20, 2010 due to poor market conditions. The lease agreement was paid in full on March 15, 2010. The county held these assets for resale but decided to keep them.

B. Changes In Short-term Liabilities

Short-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

Note 5. Short-term Debt (Continued)

B. Changes In Short-term Liabilities (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Financial Obligations	\$ 412,000	\$	\$ 412,000	\$	\$
Business-type Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$ 412,000	\$ 0	\$ 412,000	\$ 0	\$ 0

Note 6. Long-term Debt

A. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005

The fiscal court issued obligations, dated June 1, 2005 and payable in 15 annual installments beginning February 1, 2006, and semi-annual interest payments on the first of February and August at varying rate from 3% to 4%. The fiscal court issued the bonds for the purpose of advanced refunding of all outstanding County of Hopkins, Kentucky General Obligation bonds (Detention Facility Project), Series 2000 and paying the associated costs of issuing the bonds. As of June 30, 2010, bonds outstanding were \$7,775,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year Ended								
June 30]	Principal	Interest					
		_						
2011	\$	665,000	\$	292,618				
2012		685,000		271,006				
2013		705,000		247,888				
2014		730,000		223,213				
2015		760,000		196,750				
2016 - 2020		4,230,000		521,200				
				_				
Totals	\$	7,775,000	\$	1,752,675				

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2008

On April 22, 2008, the Hopkins County Fiscal Court approved an ordinance authorizing and approving the issuance of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2008 in the amount of \$5,000,000. The purpose of these bonds is to provide interim financing for the construction of a Judicial Center located in Hopkins County, Kentucky. On June 23, 2008, the Hopkins County Fiscal Court issued the General Obligation Bonds Anticipation Notes, Series 2008 in the amount of \$5,000,000. Advances are made on an as needed basis. The maturity date of the note has been extended to August 1, 2010 and bears 3.19% interest. As of June 30, 2010, \$2,956,731 has been received for reimbursement of costs related to the Judicial Center.

C. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,420,000	\$	\$ 645,000	\$ 7,775,000	\$ 665,000
Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2008	1,257,315	1,699,416		2,956,731	2,956,731
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 9,677,315	\$ 1,699,416	\$ 645,000	\$10,731,731	\$ 3,621,731

D. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000

On June 1, 2005, the Hopkins County Fiscal Court advance refunded the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000 issued for the Detention Facility Project. Payments due on and after this date were paid from the escrow account. The bonds will be called on February 1, 2020. These bonds were paid in full by the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 on February 1, 2010.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Ambulance Service Contract

The Medical Center Ambulance Service, Incorporated (MCAS) operates under a lease with Hopkins County. The term of the lease is for one year, and such lease is automatically renewed on a year-to-year basis unless terminated by one of the parties. Under the terms of the lease, the county is required to furnish the necessary number of ambulances required for the operation of the ambulance service and is to reimburse MCAS for the support of the County. MCAS has agreed to provide suitable and necessary ambulance service on a twenty-four hour basis to the residents of Hopkins County and to other persons requiring such service while in Hopkins County.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

A. Ambulance Service Contract (Continued)

Under the lease agreement between MCAS and Hopkins County, the county has agreed to reimburse MCAS during the term of the lease for losses incurred in its' operation. The county's obligation is limited to the amount budgeted in any given year. The amount included in the budget may not go below \$66,272. MCAS records such subsidy as a reduction of the excess of expenses over revenues in the year in which such excess expenses incurred.

B. Hopkins County Regional Landfill

The Hopkins County Regional Landfill operates under a verbal agreement with Hopkins County. The term of the agreement is for one year, and is automatically renewed on a year-to-year basis unless terminated by one of the parties. Under the terms of the agreement, the Hopkins County Regional Landfill is to provide waste management services for the county and the citizens of Hopkins County, Kentucky. The Hopkins County Regional Landfill has also agreed to pay licensing fees to the county as mandated in ordinance 2006-10. As of June 30, 2010 both parties were in compliance with this agreement.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The primary government has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan benefits. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 32.97 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2008 was \$1,185,657, FY 2009 was \$1,090,309, and FY 2010 was \$1,574,854.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

On February 24, 2000, the Hopkins County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

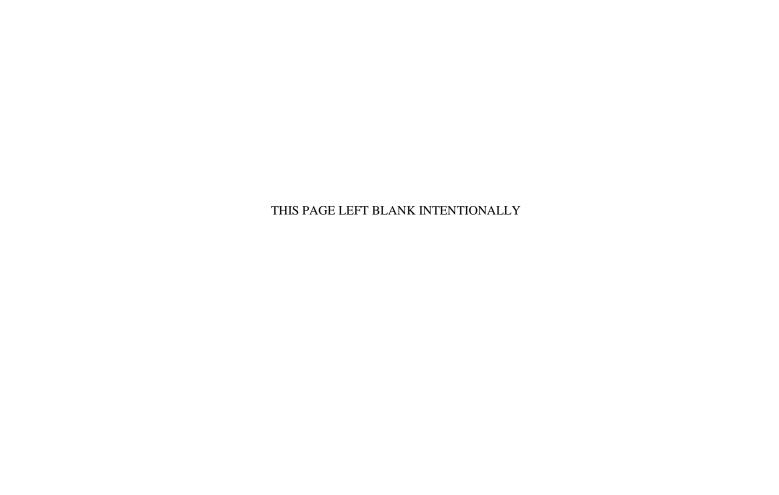
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Hopkins County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Subsequent Event

On June 1, 2010, the Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation entered into a Mortgage Deed of Trust with U.S. Bank National Association, Louisville, KY, authorizing and securing the \$19,600,000 of Hopkins County Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, and a lease agreement, dated as of June 1, 2010, with the County and Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC). Whereby the County and the AOC agree to lease said Project from the Corporation pursuant to such terms and at such annual rentals sufficient to pay the principal and interest requirements of the Series 2010 Bonds and to pay all related expenses.

Note 12. Prior Year Adjustments

Beginning Net Assets Of Governmental Activities has been restated for errors made in recording of the capital assets. The effect of this change is a net decrease of \$7,096.



HOPKINS COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

HOPKINS COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

GENERAL FUND

	GENERAL FUND							
		Budgeted	An			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)	(]	Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	5,564,050	\$	5,564,050	\$	6,509,624	\$	945,574
Licenses and Permits		83,000		83,000		64,955		(18,045)
Intergovernmental Revenue		2,773,655		3,034,190		2,970,447		(63,743)
Miscellaneous		53,300		53,300		77,474		24,174
Interest		50,000		50,000		31,816		(18,184)
Total Revenues		8,524,005		8,784,540		9,654,316		869,776
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		3,988,439		4,191,841		3,742,330		449,511
Protection to Persons and Property		450,715		580,062		297,310		282,752
General Health and Sanitation		8,200		11,200		8,950		2,250
Recreation and Culture		20,200		20,200		17,411		2,789
Capital Projects		10,000		10,000		1,298		8,702
Administration		1,964,575		1,834,361		1,451,295		383,066
Total Expenditures		6,442,129		6,647,664		5,518,594		1,129,070
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,081,876		2,136,876		4,135,722		1,998,846
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(4,081,876)		(4,081,876)		(4,000,000)		81,876
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,081,876)		(4,081,876)		(4,000,000)		81,876
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		(2,000,000) 2,000,000		(1,945,000) 2,000,000		135,722 3,159,964		2,080,722 1,159,964
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	55,000	\$	3,295,686	\$	3,240,686

	ROAD FUND							
		ted Amounts Fina		A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fin 1	iance with al Budget	
REVENUES	Original	11116	11		Dasis)		Vegative)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 2,584,66	56 \$ 3,43	35,970	\$	2,809,182	\$	(626,788)	
Miscellaneous	251,30		51,300	Ψ	11,899	4	(239,401)	
Interest	9,50		9,500		5,079		(4,421)	
Total Revenues	2,845,46		96,770		2,826,160		(870,610)	
EXPENDITURES								
Roads	2,387,08	3,27	78,386		2,486,291		792,095	
Debt Service	433,00	00 43	33,000		425,553		7,447	
Capital Projects	1,615,00	00 1,61	15,000		1,335,514		279,486	
Administration	447,60	00 40	07,600		390,830		16,770	
Total Expenditures	4,882,68	5,73	33,986		4,638,188		1,095,798	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,037,22	(2,03	37,216)		(1,812,028)		225,188	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds	1,837,2	1,83	37,216		1,600,000		(237,216)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,837,2	1,83	37,216		1,600,000		(237,216)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(200,00	00) (20	00,000)		(212,028)		(12,028)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	200,00	00 20	00,000		707,942		507,942	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0 \$	0	\$	495,914	\$	495,914	

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	3,080,092	\$	3,080,092	\$	3,313,030	\$	232,938
Charges for Services		199,600		199,600		226,799		27,199
Miscellaneous		162,300		162,300		179,308		17,008
Interest		6,500		6,500		2,251		(4,249)
Total Revenues		3,448,492		3,448,492		3,721,388		272,896
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		3,801,915		3,828,665		3,628,745		199,920
Debt Service		957,800		957,800		957,731		69
Administration		1,085,100		1,058,350		974,925		83,425
Total Expenditures		5,844,815		5,844,815		5,561,401		283,414
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,396,323)		(2,396,323)		(1,840,013)		556,310
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,996,323		1,996,323		1,900,000		(96,323)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,996,323		1,996,323		1,900,000		(96,323)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(400,000)		(400,000)		59,987		459,987
Fund Balance - Beginning		400,000		400,000		594,118		194,118
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	654,105	\$	654,105

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

			'		0111	71.220120020		021010	
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Basis)	(N	Negative)	
REVENUES									
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,676	\$	676	
Intergovernmental Revenue		2,771,000		3,265,700		2,792,738		(472,962)	
Charges for Services		131,000		131,000		134,842		3,842	
Miscellaneous		71,300		71,300		118,367		47,067	
Interest		11,000		11,000		6,278		(4,722)	
Total Revenues		2,985,300		3,480,000		3,053,901		(426,099)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		80,000		85,000		85,000			
Protection to Persons and Property		236,272		241,160		239,160		2,000	
General Health and Sanitation		1,457,420		1,387,380		1,257,247		130,133	
Social Services		372,445		1,062,145		719,977		342,168	
Recreation and Culture		921,000		816,000		580,484		235,516	
Roads		525,000		525,000		506,358		18,642	
Administration		241,500		266,652		243,240		23,412	
Total Expenditures		3,833,637		4,383,337		3,631,466		751,871	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)		(848,337)		(903,337)		(577,565)		325,772	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers From Other Funds		248,337		248,337		500,000		251,663	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		248,337		248,337		500,000		251,663	
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		240,337		240,337		300,000		231,003	
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(600,000)		(655,000)		(77,565)		577,435	
Fund Balances - Beginning		600,000		600,000		764,092		164,092	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	(55,000)	\$	686,527	\$	741,527	
i and balances - Lilanig	Ψ		Ψ	(33,000)	Ψ	000,521	Ψ	171,521	

	CONTINGENCY FUND								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Interest	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	109,565	\$	9,565	
Total Revenues		100,000		100,000		109,565		9,565	
EXPENDITURES Administration Total Expenditures		2,843,570 2,843,570		2,843,570 2,843,570				2,843,570 2,843,570	
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		(2,743,570) 2,743,570		(2,743,570) 2,743,570		109,565 2,743,571		2,853,135	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,853,136	\$	2,853,136	

HOPKINS COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2010

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TICHENOR & ASSOCIATES, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS and MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

304 MIDDLETOWN PARK PLACE, SUITE C LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY 40243

BUSINESS: (502) 245-0775 FAX: (502) 245-0725 E-MAIL: wtichenor@tichenorassociates.com

The Honorable Donald E. Carroll, Hopkins County Judge/Executive Members of the Hopkins County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hopkins County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2010, wherein we issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit for a different basis of accounting. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. Hopkins County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting on compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Hopkins County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hopkins County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hopkins County Fiscal Court's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Tichenor & Associates, LLP

Tichenor & Associates, LLP Certified Public Accountants

September 20, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

HOPKINS COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

HOPKINS COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Hopkins County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Donald E. Carroll, County Judge/Executive

Cindy Jones, County Treasurer